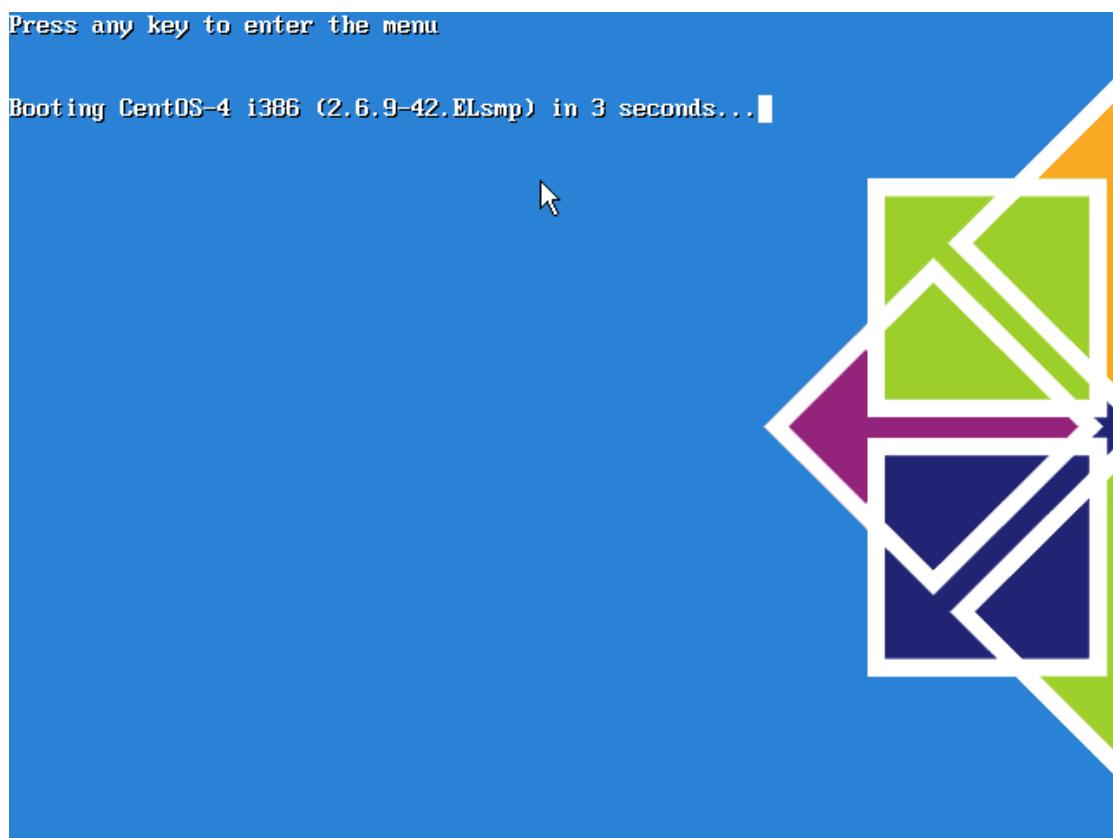
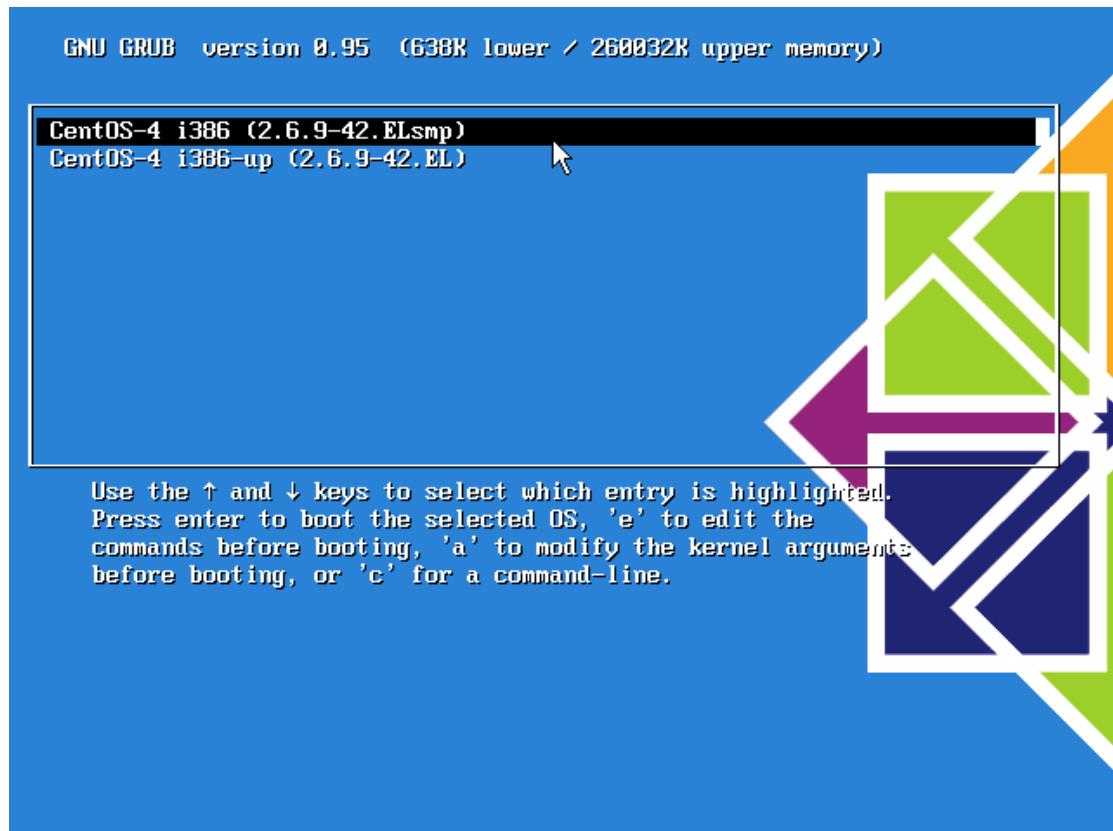


忘記 root 密碼處理方法

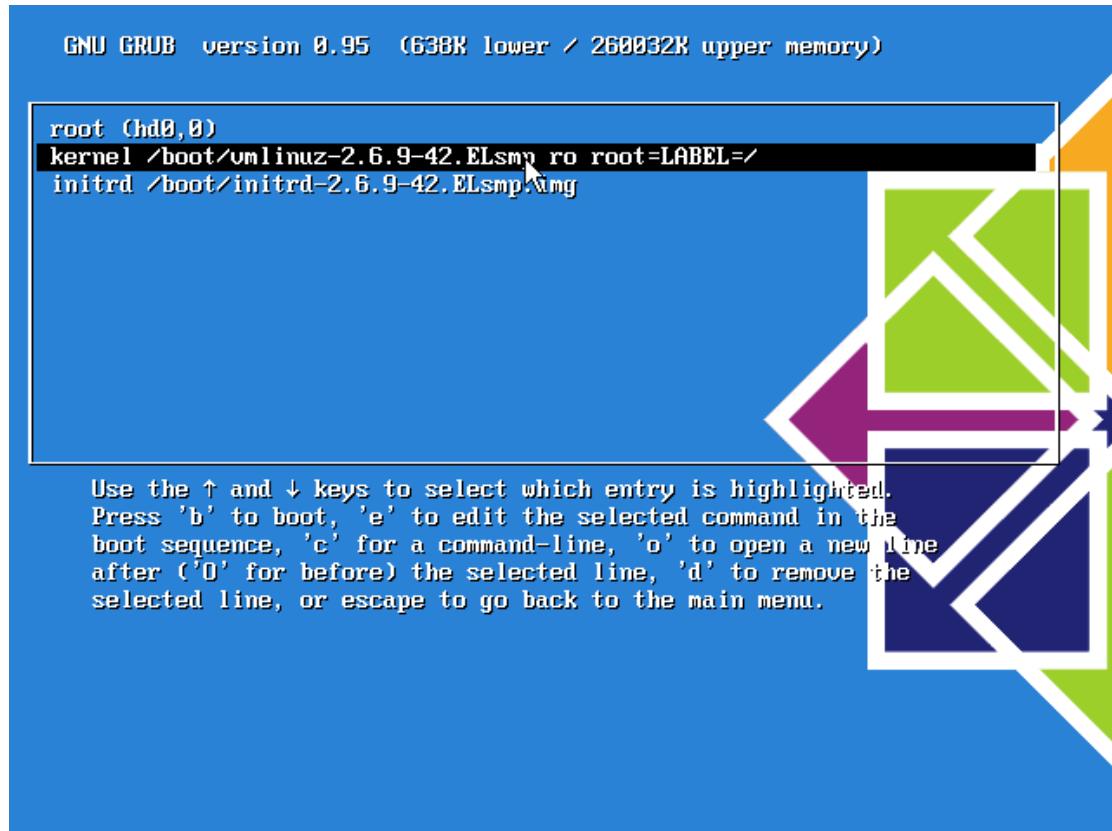
1、請先重新開機，到開機畫面按 enter key 。



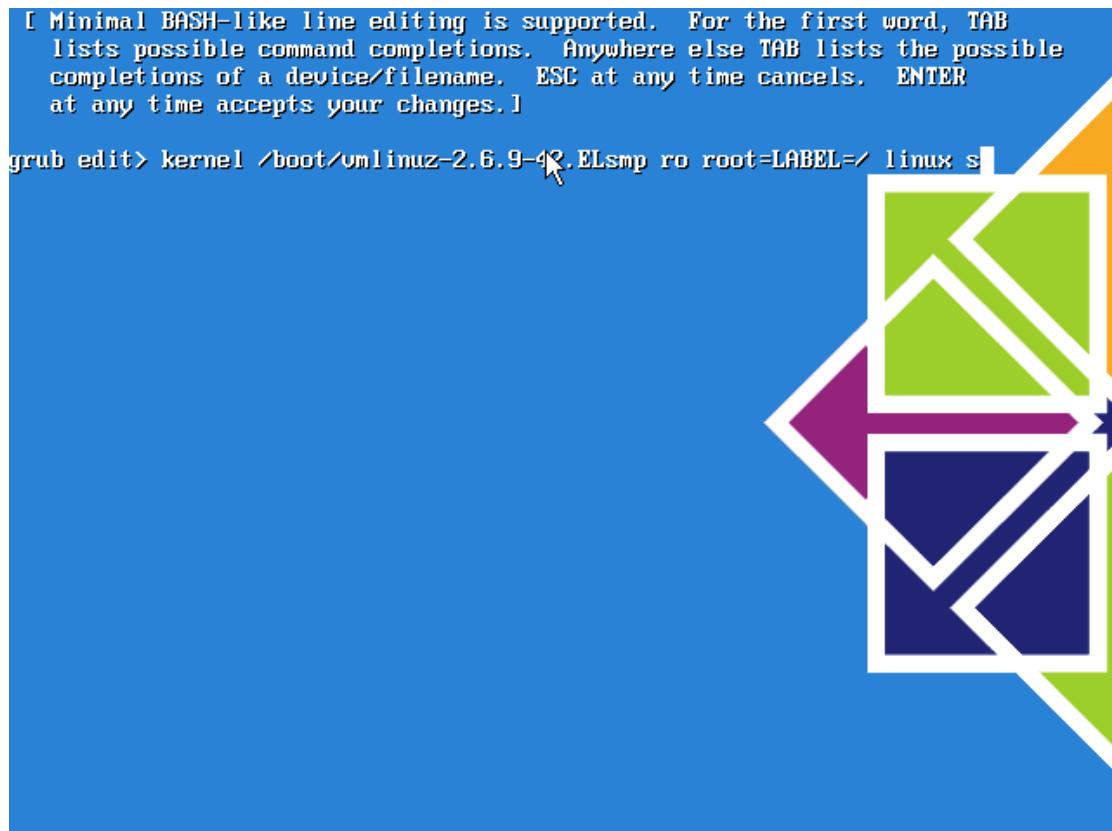
2、按 e 鍵，進入編輯畫



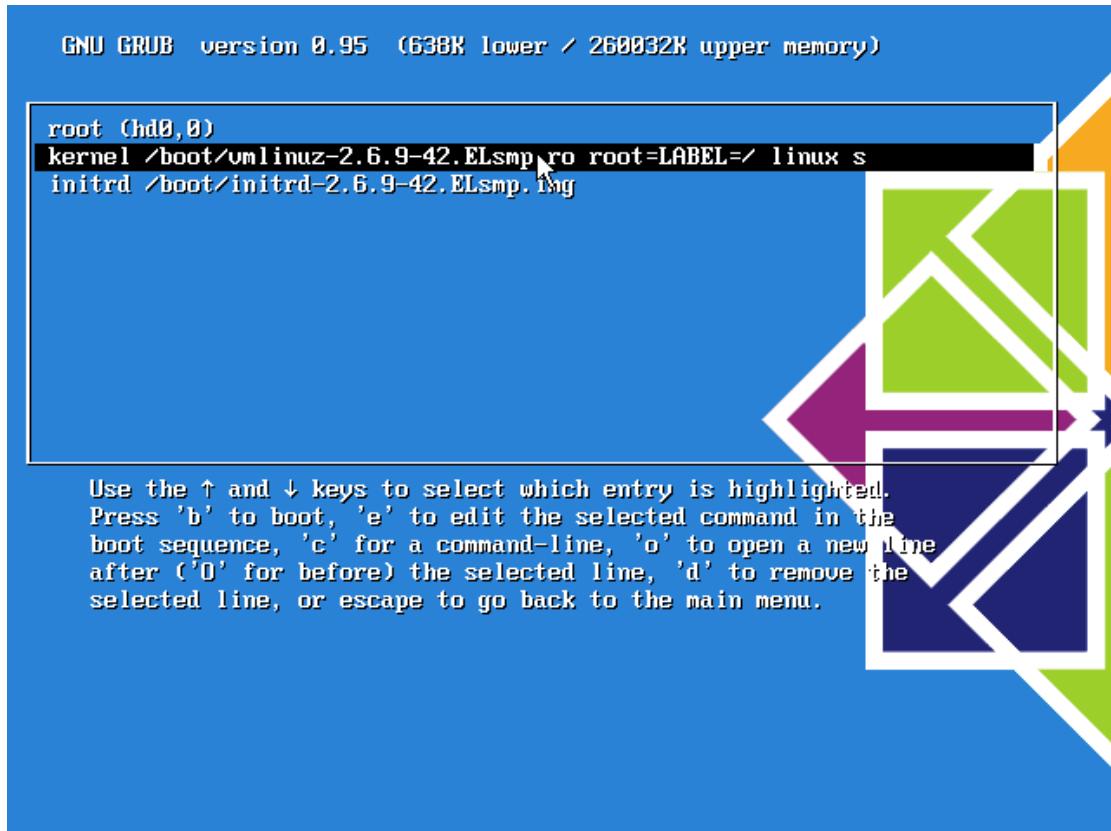
3、選擇 kernel 那一行，再按一次 e 鍵。



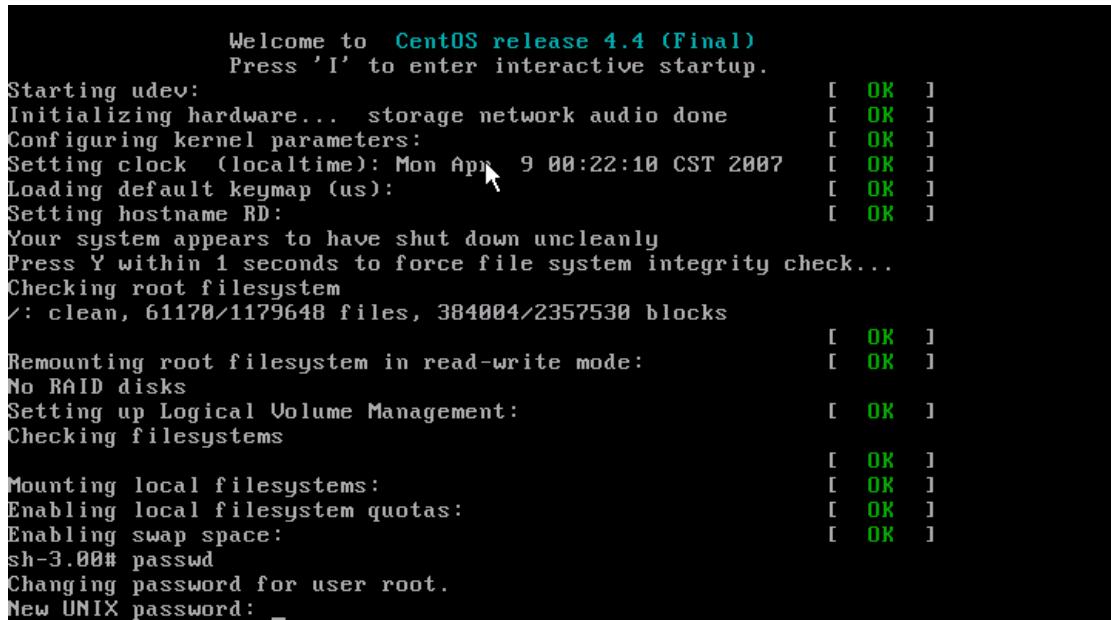
4、在行末加上 linux s ，編輯好按 ENTER 跳出。



5、跳回此畫面，選 Kernel 這行按 b。



6、開機完成，在出現 sh-3.00# 的提示符號後，請輸入 passwd 後按 enter，
出現 password 請輸入你要的密碼，enter 後在輸入一次確認密碼。



7、修改後輸入 reboot 重新開機，此時系統 root 密碼已修改完畢。

```
Starting udev: [ OK ]
Initializing hardware... storage network audio done [ OK ]
Configuring kernel parameters: [ OK ]
Setting clock (localtime): Mon Apr  9 00:22:10 CST 2007 [ OK ]
Loading default keymap (us): [ OK ]
Setting hostname RD: [ OK ]
Your system appears to have shut down uncleanly
Press Y within 1 seconds to force file system integrity check...
Checking root filesystem
/: clean, 61170/1179648 files, 384004/2357530 blocks [ OK ]
Remounting root filesystem in read-write mode: [ OK ]
No RAID disks
Setting up Logical Volume Management: [ OK ]
Checking filesystems [ OK ]
Mounting local filesystems: [ OK ]
Enabling local filesystem quotas: [ OK ]
Enabling swap space: [ OK ]
sh-3.00# passwd
Changing password for user root.
New UNIX password:
Retype new UNIX password:
passwd: all authentication tokens updated successfully.
sh-3.00# reboot_
```